

Borough of Manhattan Community College
MAT56.5 Final Exam Practice Problems
MAT56 Problem Set

The actual final examination will have 20 questions. Your final exam will be in two parts:

1. Part 1 of the final does NOT allow the use of a calculator.
2. Part 2 of the final DOES allow the use of a scientific calculator. You may not use a graphing calculator or your phone.

MAT56 Final Exam Practice with *Solution Videos*, www.helpyourmath.com/56.5

★ = More Advanced Problem

Part 1

Problem #1 Solve for t.

1.

$$v + at = s$$

2.

$$\frac{w + t}{a} = P$$

3.

$$Vi - at = PS$$

4.

$$2v^2p - atr^2 = HL$$

★ 5.

$$\frac{wp^3 - rts^2}{ax} = w$$

Problem #2 Use properties of exponents to simplify the following completely. Express your answer using only positive exponents.

1.

$$x^4 \cdot x^{-6}$$

2.

$$(x^2y)^2$$

3.

$$(3x^4y^{-2})^3$$

4.

$$(2x^2y^{-4})^2(3x^{-2}y^3)^{-3}$$

5.

$$\left(\frac{5x^2y^{-3}}{2x^6y^5}\right)^{-2}$$

6.

$$\left(\frac{5xy}{2xy^3}\right)^{-2} \left(\frac{6xy^3}{5y^4}\right)^3$$

7.

$$\frac{(2x^3y^{-4})^{-2}}{(3x^{-2}y^5)^3}$$

8.

$$\frac{(2x^{-3}y^5)^2(x^2y^{-3})^3}{(x^{-4}y^6)^3}$$

Problem #3 Perform the indicated operation. Simplify completely.

1.

$$\frac{x}{x^2 + 4x + 3} - \frac{2}{x + 1}$$

2.

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 - 16} - \frac{4}{x + 4}$$

3.

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 - 5x - 14} + \frac{3}{x + 2}$$

4.

$$\frac{5x}{4x^2 + 12x + 8} - \frac{4}{x + 1}$$

5.

$$\frac{7x}{3x^2 - 10x + 8} - \frac{2}{x - 2}$$

Problem #4 Use properties of exponents to simplify completely.

1. $(x^2y^3)^4$
2. $(2x^{-2}y^3)^3$
3. $(16x^{-8}y^6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
4. $\left(\frac{x^{-12}y^9}{8}\right)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

Problem #5 Solve the following problems.

1. For the equation $4x + 2y = 8$,
 - a. find both x -intercept and y -intercept
 - b. graph the equation
 - c. determine the equation of the line that is parallel to the equation and passes through $(4, 8)$
 - d. determine the equation of the line that is perpendicular to the equation and passes through $(4, 8)$
2. For the equation $-6x + 9y = 18$,
 - e. find both x -intercept and y -intercept
 - f. graph the equation
 - g. determine the equation of the line that is parallel to the equation and passes through $(6, 3)$
 - h. determine the equation of the line that is perpendicular to the equation and passes through $(6, 3)$


Problem #6 Rationalize the denominator. Simplify your answer completely.

1.
$$\frac{\sqrt{15} - 12}{\sqrt{3}}$$

2.
$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3} + 1}$$

3.
$$\frac{7 + \sqrt{3}}{8 - \sqrt{3}}$$

4.
$$\frac{2\sqrt{5} - 3}{2 - \sqrt{7}}$$

 5.
$$\frac{5 + \sqrt{11}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$$


Problem #7 Solve for x .

1.
$$\log_4 x = 3$$

2.
$$\log x = -3$$

3.
$$\log_x 1000 = 3$$

4.
$$\log_x \left(\frac{81}{16} \right) = 4$$

 5.
$$2\log_x \left(\frac{4}{25} \right) = -4$$

Problem #8 Use the properties of logarithms to expand completely for question 1, 2 and 3. Condense to a single logarithm for question 4, 5 and 6.

1.

$$\log_b \left(\frac{8x^5}{y^3} \right)$$

2.

$$\log \left(\frac{100x^5}{\sqrt{z}} \right)$$

3.

$$\log_a \left(\frac{x^{2^3} \sqrt{y^2}}{z^8 \sqrt{w}} \right)$$

4.

$$6\log_a X - 2\log_a Y + \frac{1}{4}\log_a Z$$

5.

$$\frac{2}{3}\log_a Y - 3\log_a Z - \frac{1}{2}\log_a X$$



6.

$$3\log_a X - 4\log_a (YZ) + 3$$

Problem #9 Find exact value.

1. $\tan(135^\circ)$

2. $\sin(210^\circ)$

3. $\cos(-60^\circ)$

4. $\cot(300^\circ)$

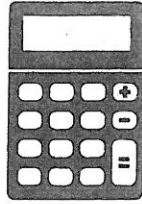
Problem #10 Find exact value.

1. If $\cos(\theta) = \frac{5}{7}$, and if θ terminates in Quadrant IV, find $\sin(\theta)$.

2. If $\tan(\theta) = \frac{-2}{5}$, and if θ terminates in Quadrant II, find $\cos(\theta)$.

Part 2

A scientific calculator may be used



Problem #11 Solve the absolute value inequality, graph the solution set and express the solution in interval notation.

1. a. $|5x - 1| \geq -2$

b. $|6x + 2| \leq -1$

2. $|3x - 3| > 9$

3. $|2x + 3| \leq 6$

4. $-2|4x + 6| \leq -12$



5. $3 + 2|2x - 3| \geq 7$



Problem #12 Solve the following word problem.

1. Marie wants to invest a total of \$20,000 in two separate accounts. One of the accounts has an interest rate of 3%, while the second account has an interest rate of 7%. Marie would like to earn a total interest of \$1080. How much should she invest in each account?



Problem #13 Simplify your answer completely.

1.

$$\frac{x^2 - x - 12}{9x^2 - 16} \times \frac{3x^2 - 13x + 12}{4x^2 - 16x}$$

2.

$$\frac{2x^2 - 3x - 5}{x^2 + x - 6} \div \frac{2x^2 - 5x}{x^2 - 4}$$



Problem #14 Use long division to find the quotient and remainder.

1.

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1}$$

2.

$$\frac{2x+3}{x+1}$$

3.

$$\frac{x^2-1}{x+1}$$

4.

$$\frac{9x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x - 5}{x-2}$$



5.

$$\frac{-4x^5 + 5x^4 - 2x^2 - 6x - 7}{x^2 - 1}$$



Problem #15 Simplify and write as a single (simple) fraction.

1.

$$\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x-3}}{1 - \frac{2}{x-3}}$$

2.

$$\frac{a+b}{\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{a}}$$

3.

$$\frac{1 + \frac{4}{x-3}}{\frac{2x}{x+3} - \frac{4}{x-3}}$$

4.

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{25}}$$



Problem #16 Solve the following rational equations.

1.

$$\frac{4}{x^2 + x} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{x + 1}$$

2.

$$2 - \frac{6}{x^2 - x} = \frac{3}{x - 1}$$

3.

$$\frac{2}{x - 4} - \frac{x}{x^2 - 16} = \frac{6}{x + 4}$$

4.

$$\frac{4}{x - 2} + \frac{2}{x + 3} = \frac{20}{x^2 + x - 6}$$

5.

$$\frac{1}{2x^2 - x - 3} + \frac{3}{2x - 3} = \frac{1}{2x + 2}$$



Problem #17 Solve for x .

1.

$$\sqrt{x + 3} = 4$$

2.

$$\sqrt{2x + 2} = \sqrt{x + 7}$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x + 5} = x - 1$$

4.

$$-2\sqrt{x + 1} = x + 1$$

5.

$$\sqrt{x + 8} - \sqrt{x} = 2$$



Problem #18 Express your answer in standard complex number form.

1.

$$(2 + 3i) + (4 - 2i)$$

2.

$$(4 - 2i) - (7 + 3i)$$

3.

$$(-7 - 2i) - (-4i^2)$$

4.

$$(-2i)^2$$

5.

$$(1 + 3i)(1 - 4i)$$

6.

$$(2 - 5i)^2$$

7.

$$\frac{3}{i}$$

8.

$$\frac{4}{5i}$$

9.

$$\frac{4 - 5i}{5i}$$

10.

$$\frac{2}{3 + 2i}$$

11.

$$\frac{2 - i}{2 + i}$$



Problem #19 Solve for x and express your solution in simplified radical form.

1.

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$$

2.

$$x^2 - 4x = 7$$

3.

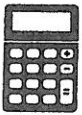
$$2x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$$

4.

$$3x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0 \text{ (Real Number Solutions)}$$

5.

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0 \text{ (Complex Number Solutions)}$$

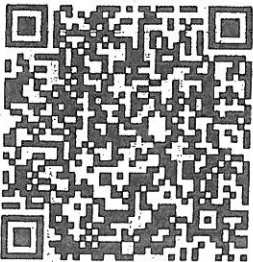


Problem #20 Solve the following word problems.

1. At a point 30 feet from the base of a tree, the angle formed with the ground looking to the top measures 88 degree. Find, to the nearest foot, the height of the tree.
2. An observation tower is 75m high. A support wire is attached from the ground to the top of the tower, forming a 55 degree angle. What is the length of the support wire, to the nearest tenth?

Scan Here for...

Solution YouTube Channel



Practice Problems Website

